

# 2020 Data Advisory Committee Meeting 4: September 16<sup>th</sup> 2020

Steve Rogness, Research Analyst

Meredith Fergus, Manager, Research and SLEDS



# Today's Meeting

### Agenda:

- Welcome and introductions
- 2. Review status of proposals
- 3. Review draft proposals
- 4. Additional discussion: detailed race/ethnicity
- 5. Additional discussion: fixing first generation field
- Next steps and Q&A

#### Logistics:

- Please mute yourself when you are not talking
- Put comments and questions into the chat box Nicole Whelan is monitoring the chat box
- You can send chats to everyone if you want us to bring them into this meeting, or you can send Nicole a private chat message to log comments privately

### Status of Proposals

### The items in our proposal list are in different stages:



- Add gender identity detail
- Add race/ethnicity detail
- Fix first generation
- Simplified short-termonly institution reporting
- Add completed collegelevel math
- Add completed collegelevel
   English/reading/writing
- Add cumulative debt at graduation
- Switch to decimal values in instructional units
- Switch to two summer terms in Term Season

- Delete enrollment status field
- Make MARSS nonmandatory
- Add 2020 CIP year
- Merge "8888" "not an undergraduate" codes with "9999" "unavailable codes
- Modify race/ethnicity labels
- Add FERPA block
- Add GPA fields (high school, term, cumulative)

#### No changes to data collection – voluntary work:

- Adding elements on basic needs insecurity
- Teacher prep program data

#### Not able to move forward at this time:

- Adding transfer credits accepted by source
- Gathering data on changes to developmental education (e.g. co-requisite remediation)
- Gathering names in a way that improves matching across cultural naming conventions

## Meeting Schedule

Meeting Schedule (all 1pm-2:30pm)

- ✓ Wednesday June 17<sup>th</sup>: Background, review of current data collection and
  - overview of OHE proposal
- Wednesday July 15<sup>th</sup>: Discussion of changes
- Wednesday August 19<sup>th</sup>: Discussion of changes
  - Wednesday September 16th: Discussion of changes
  - Wednesday October 21st: final changes
  - Monday November 16<sup>th</sup>: finalize recommendations

Feedback may also be submitted in writing/email/phone

# Discuss Draft Proposals

#### Drafts for review:

- Add Completed College-Level Math and English/Reading/Writing
- Add Cumulative Debt at Graduation
- Switch to decimal values in Instructional Units fields
- Switch to two summer term options in Term Season

#### 1. Completed College-Level Math

Database(s): Enrollment

Original Proposal: Credits attempted/completed in year-one college-level math

Rationale: Understand relationship to persistence and completion patterns

Feedback: Definitional issues: what classes count?

Best if it can be up to institutions to determine which of their courses count as college-level

What if a student takes college-level math in the second year?

Easier to report it for all students and OHE uses student level/registration type to identify first/second year

Notes: We simplified this to a flag for completed 1+ credits, rather than gathering number of credits

attempted/completed

Institutions would define which courses count as college-level

We propose completing this field for all undergraduate students in order to simplify reporting

### DRAFT – New Field – Completed College-Level Math

Field Order	Title	Enrollment Data Definition	Field Length	Alpha or Numeric	Enrollment Data Code
	Completed College-Level Math	The student earned one or more credits during the reported term in a college-level math course, earning an A, B, C, or S (or otherwise passed the course and earned credit).	1	numeric	Completed college-level math
		If using CIP codes to identify math courses, CIP codes could include 27, 30.08, 30.30, and others.			

#### 2. Completed College-Level English/Reading/Writing

Database(s): Enrollment

Original Proposal: Credits attempted/completed in year-one college-level English/Reading/Writing

Rationale: Understand relationship to persistence and completion patterns

Feedback: Definitional issues: what classes count?

Best if it can be up to institutions to determine which of their courses count as college-level

What if a student takes college-level English/Reading/Writing in the second year?

Easier to report it for all students and OHE uses student level/registration type to identify first/second year

Notes: We simplified this to a flag for completed 1+ credits, rather than gathering number of credits

attempted/completed

Institutions would define which courses count as college-level

We propose completing this field for all undergraduate students in order to simplify reporting

### DRAFT - New Field - Completed College-Level English/Reading/Writing

Field Order	Title	Enrollment Data Definition	Field Length	Alpha or Numeric	Enrollment Data Code
	Completed College-Level English/ Reading/ Writing	The student earned one or more credits during the reported term in a college-level English, reading, or writing course, earning an A, B, C, or S (or otherwise passed the course and earned credit).	1	numeric	Completed college-level English/reading/writing1  Did not complete college-level English/reading/writing2  Unavailable or not an undergraduate9
		If using CIP codes to identify English/reading/writing courses, CIP codes could include 23 and others.			

#### 3. Add Cumulative Debt at Graduation

Database(s): Awards Conferred

Original Proposal: Total dollar amount of cumulative debt incurred by the student for that degree program at that institution.

When multiple awards are being conferred, report this amount for the higher award

Rationale: Eliminate need for separate survey; more accurate median debt statistics across degree levels and institutions

Feedback: Would the data be used differently since it would be gathered at the student level?

For example, would OHE report on this at the program level? Or by student demographics such as gender?

Concern that reporting debt by major or by student demographics could prompt misleading conclusions

Would the data go into SLEDS?

Notes: Until data is submitted and we can ensure data quality, we do not have plans to change our reporting within the

Cumulative Debt report. Our analysis will be de-duplicated at the student level to avoid double-counting debt when multiple

awards are reported. If we were to change our reporting, for example to include debt levels by major or demographics, we

would go through our usual process of institutional engagement to gather feedback on changes.

All of our enrollment and awards conferred data goes to SLEDS, however we can flag this as a sensitive field requiring it to

undergo additional institutional discussion before use for research. Just a reminder: SLEDS researchers are not allowed to

disclose the name of an institution in reporting without institution consent.

#### DRAFT – New Field – Cumulative Debt at Graduation

Field Order	Title	Awards Conferred Data Definition	Field Length	Alpha or Numeric	Awards Conferred Data Code
	Cumulative Debt at Graduation	Total dollar amount of cumulative debt incurred by the student for the degree program at the institution.	6	numeric	Actual dollar amount rounded to the nearest dollar.  Regular rounding rules apply (round up if .50 or
		Include loans from all sources known to the institution and made to the student while enrolled at your institution. Do not include loans made to the student's parents, for example federal PLUS loans made to the parents of undergraduate students. Enter the amount in whole numbers without commas.  When reporting multiple awards:			higher, round down if .49 or lower).
		<ul> <li>More than one award in the same year, at different award levels: report the amount only for the higher award. Report zero for the lower award(s).</li> <li>More than one award in the same year, at the same award level: report the total amount in one of the award records only, or split the total between the award records.</li> <li>More than one award in different years: report additional debt accumulated for the subsequent award(s) since the last amount was reported.</li> </ul>			

#### 4. Switch to Decimal Values for Instructional Units

Database(s): Enrollment

Original Proposal: Change from reporting instructional units in hundredths without a decimal place, to reporting in hundredths WITH a decimal

Rationale: Less confusing

Notes: This change would apply to the following fields:

REGULAR INSTRUCTIONAL UNITS ATTEMPTED REMEDIAL UNITS COMPLETED-READING

REGULAR INSTRUCTIONAL UNITS COMPLETED REMEDIAL UNITS ATTEMPTED-WRITING

TOTAL REMEDIAL UNITS ATTEMPTED REMEDIAL UNITS COMPLETED-WRITING

TOTAL REMEDIAL UNITS COMPLETED REMEDIAL UNITS ATTEMPTED-OTHER

REMEDIAL UNITS ATTEMPTED-MATH REMEDIAL UNITS COMPLETED-OTHER

REMEDIAL UNITS COMPLETED-MATH ACCUMULATED UNITS

REMEDIAL UNITS ATTEMPTED-READING TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONAL UNITS

DRAFT – Modification – Switch to decimal values for Instructional Units (changes in red)

Note: for accumulated and transfer units, field length would be 9, formatted decimal (8,2)

Field Order	Title	Enrollment Data Definition	Field Length	Alpha or Numeric	Enrollment Data Code
	(multiple, see	(various)	7	numeric	Actual numerical value of instructional units
	above)			decimal (6,2)	expressed in hundredths with a decimal.
					Examples: 15 credits = <del>1500</del> 15.00
					900 clock hours = 900.00
					No regular units attempted <del>0000</del> 0.00

#### 5. Switch to Two Summer Term Options in Term Season

Database(s): Enrollment

Original Proposal: Modify Term Season options to include two summer options: one for summer terms that begin the academic year, and

one for summer terms that end the academic year

Rationale: Distinguish summer terms that begin the academic year from summer terms that occur at the end of the academic year

DRAFT – Modification – Switch to two summer term options in Term Season (changes in red)

Field Order	Title	Enrollment Data Definition	Field Length	Alpha or Numeric	Enrollment Data Code		
03	Term Season	Academic term during the fiscal year for which the student has registered for instruction as of this reporting period.	1	numeric	Summer		
		Enrollment data reporting period will be end of term.			Spring5 Other (includes Interim Terms or		
		Institutions using a semester based calendar system will normally report fall, spring and summer only.			Competency Courses)6  Summer I (beginning of academic year)7		
		Institutions using a quarter based calendar system will normally report fall, winter, spring and summer only.			Summer II (end of academic year)8		
		Interim terms - include short terms such as "J Term", "May Term" that are distinct from the usual fall or spring terms.					
		Summer session data should be consolidated into one term report. The Fiscal Year for the summer term will be the fiscal year the session began. For example, if your institution has two 4-week summer sessions occurring at the end of the academic year, they should be reported as one term (Summer II).					
		Institutions without distinct academic terms (normally clock hour based) will be reporting enrollment data for a six-month period, either July 1 through December 31, as a proxy for fall term (use code "3"); and January 1 through June 30, as a proxy for spring term (use code "5").					

- For this discussion:
  - Review where we left off in our July meeting
  - In July we saw the challenge of building option sets off of only common elements in institutional option sets
  - Possible framework: hierarchical option sets that combine regional options with country- and culturalgroup-specific options
  - How to structure detail data collection for American Indian or Alaska Native students
  - Putting this all together

- In our July meeting we looked at the detailed race/ethnicity data collections in place at Minnesota State and the University of Minnesota
- We discussed the following framework: keep our existing basic race/ethnicity field (which aligns to IPEDS) and use additional fields to gather detailed race/ethnicity data
- For the additional detailed race/ethnicity field(s), we looked at potential option sets based on mapping common elements between the two systems

- The challenge: mix of regional and countryor cultural-group-specific options creates few common elements.
- Example: Black or African American options had very little in common

Black or African American	MinnState	UMN	Common
		U.S. / African	
African American	X	American	African American
Ethiopian	X		Other
Haitian	X		Other
Jamaican	X		Other
Liberian	X		Other
Nigerian	X		Other
Somali	x		Other
Other	X	Х	Other
Caribbean		Х	Other
Central African		Х	Other
East African		Х	Other
North African		Х	Other
South African		X	Other
West African		X	Other

- Potential solution: create hierarchical option sets, with country- and cultural-group-specific options nested within regional options
- For clarity on regional definitions, we are using the United Nations M49 Standard classifications of geographic regions: <a href="https://unstats.un.org/unsd/methodology/m49/">https://unstats.un.org/unsd/methodology/m49/</a>
- Create coding schema to allow for expansion as institutional data collections evolve
- We would add countries or cultural groups at the request of institutions
- Example: hierarchical option set within the Black or African American category

Black or African American	Draft OHE Code
African American	100
Central African	101
East African	111
Ethiopian	112
Somali	113
North African	134
South African	142
West African	148
Liberian	149
Nigerian	150
Caribbean	166
Haitian	167
Jamaican	168
Other Black or African American	198

#### For American Indian or Alaska Native Detail:

- In this case, both Minnesota State and the UMN Twin Cities freshman application have text box fields for entering the name of a federally-recognized tribe
- Minnesota State has two text boxes: one for entering the name of the federallyrecognized tribe in which the student is enrolled, and one for entering the name of a federally-recognized tribe if the student is a descendant but not enrolled
- UMN has one text box for entering the name of the federally-recognized tribe, with a checkbox for indicating enrollment

American Indian or Alaska Native	MinnState	UMN	Common
Enrolled in a federally- recognized tribe	x	x	Federally-recognized tribe (see federal list)
Descendent but not enrolled in a federally recognized tribe	x		Descendent or affiliated with federally-recognized tribe, but not enrolled
Indicated affiliation with federally-recognized tribe, but not enrolled		X	Descendent or affiliated with federally-recognized tribe, but not enrolled

#### Potential Framework for OHE data collection on American Indian or Alaska Native Detail:

- Create two fields, both coding the name of the tribe: one for the name of the tribe in which the student is enrolled, the other for the name of the tribe the student is descended from or otherwise affiliated with but not enrolled
- Build a numerically-coded option set for both fields with a list of tribes. We have thought of a few options
  for this and we are interested in feedback on what would make the most sense:
  - 1. A list of tribes in Minnesota and the region, for example using tribes in the Midwest and Great Plains regions of the Bureau of Indian Affairs
  - 2. A list of tribes in Minnesota and other states based on states with high numbers of students applying for the Minnesota Indian Scholarship program
  - 3. Compiling a full list of the 573 federally-recognized tribes (as published in the <u>Federal Register</u>). We could also include non-federally-recognized tribes, for example Canadian first nations, and we would need to find the sources for those lists.

#### Putting this together:

- Keep our basic race/ethnicity field
- 2. Create two fields for American Indian or Alaska Native Detail, both for coding tribe name, one for students indicating enrollment in a tribe and another for students indicating descent but not enrollment
- 3. Create additional fields for detail in other race/ethnicity categories, using hierarchical option sets in instances where both regional and country-specific options are in use. Question here: what is the best approach for students reporting more than one racial or ethnic identity? Options:
  - 1. Create multiple identical fields for race/ethnicity detail, each with the same option set that includes subgroup detail for each of the basic race/ethnicity categories other than American Indian or Alaska Native (Black or African American, Asian, Hispanic or Latino, White, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander)
  - 2. Create one field for detail in each of the basic race/ethnicity categories

### Example Student Response Matrix:

					Option 1:	multiple race	e/ethnicity					
					detail fields, each with the same		Option 2: one field for each of the other basi			her basic		
						option set			race/eth	nicity cate	itegories	
				Descendant or								Native
		Basic		Affiliated With								Hawaiian
		Race/		American				Black or				or Other
		Ethni	Enrolled in	Indian Tribe,				African		Hispanic		Pacific
		city	American	But Not	Race/Ethnic	Race/Ethnic	Race/Ethnic	America	Asian	or Latino	White	Islander
	Student Self-Report:	Field	Indian Tribe	Enrolled	ity Detail 1	ity Detail 2	ity Detail 3	n Detail	Detail	Detail	Detail	Detail
	Black or African American:							Two or				
1	Ethiopian, Nigerian	1			Ethiopian	Nigerian		More				
	Black or African American:							Two or				
2	Ethiopian, Nigerian; Asian: Thai	7			Ethiopian	Nigerian	Thai	More	Thai			
			Fond du Lac									
			Band of									
	American Indian or Alaska		Lake									
	Native: Enrolled in Fond du Lac		Superior									
3	Band of Lake Superior Chippewa	2	Chippewa									
									Two or			
5	Asian: Hmong, Lao	3			Hmong	Lao			More			
					Southeast				Southeast			
6	Asian: Other Southeast Asian	3			Asian				Asian			

## Fixing First Generation Field

#### Current First Generation Field in Manual:

parents completed a bachelor's degree, code = 4

Field Order	Title	Enrollment Data Definition	Field Length	Alpha or Numeric	Enrollment Data Code
16	First Generation	Undergraduate is the first in their family to attend a postsecondary institution.	1	numeric	Neither parent received a bachelor's degree1
		Use first generation status based on the			Neither parent completed any postsecondary credential2
		definition used at your institution.			Neither parent attended college3
	•	does not allow for accurate reporting across college	es using		Not first generation by any definition 4
• Fo	ut did not complet	ses "enrolled" as the definition, but a student's pare te, code = 4. ses "completed bachelor's" as the definition, and th			Not an undergraduate student8 Unavailable9

## Fixing First Generation Field

#### **Prior Discussion:**

- 1. Collect using a lowest level common definition
  - Neither parent enrolled in postsecondary education
- 2. Split into two fields: one asking how the institution defines first generation, the second asking if the student meets the definition
- 3. Add a field for highest level of parent/guardian education (attended but did not complete, completed 2-year, completed bachelor's or higher)

### Example Student Response Matrix – Options Using Common Definition:

				Coding under Option		
Student				1 - common	Coding under Option 1	Coding under Option 1
Response				definition:	- common definition:	- common definition:
Profiles	Data Source	Question Asked	student response	ATTENDED COLLEGE	RECEIVED ANY AWARD	RECEIVED BA+
1			LT HS	NO	NO	NO
2			HSD, equiv	NO	NO	NO
3			SC, no award	YES	NO	NO
4			Cert, no degree	YES	YES	NO
5	CEDS	Highest level of attained by either parent	AA	YES	YES	NO
6			BA	YES	YES	YES
7			MA	YES	YES	YES
8			Doct/prof	YES	YES	YES
9			Unknown	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN
10			NO HSD	NO	NO	NO
11			HSD, equiv	NO	NO	NO
12	MINNSTATE		SC	YES	UNKNOWN	NO
	ADMISSIONS	Highest level of education for Parent 1 / Parent 2	2-YEAR COLLEGE			
13	APPL		DEGREE/DIPLOMA	YES	YES	NO
14			BA+	YES	YES	YES
15			NOT SURE	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN
16	UMN	WILL YOU BE A FIRST GEN STUDENT (FG =	YES	YES	YES	YES
17	ADMISSIONS	NEITHER PARENT COMPLETED 4-YEAR DEGREE)	NO	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	NO
18	APPL	NEITHER PARENT CONFLETED 4-TEAR DEGREE)	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN
19			middle school/ JR high	UNKNOWN	NO	NO
20	ΓΛΓΩΛ	Highest school completed by Perent 1 /2	HSD, equiv	UNKNOWN	NO	NO
21	FAFSA	Highest school completed by Parent 1 /2	college	YES	YES	UNKNOWN
22			other/unknown	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN
23	CONTRACTOR	What college (if any) did your parent attend?	text field	coding by college	coding by college	coding by college
24	COMMON APPL	what degree did your parent receive and year?	text field	coding by college	coding by college	coding by college

### Example Student Response Matrix:

Student				Option 4 - 3 question combo (parent attended	
Respons				college - parent received any credential - parent	
e Profiles	Data Source	Question Asked	student response	received BA)	Option 4 description
1			LT HS	NO-NO-NO	parent did not attend college, did not receive any award
2			HSD, equiv	NO-NO-NO	parent did not attend college, did not receive any award
3			SC, no award	YES-NO-NO	parent attended college, did not receive any award
4		Highest level of	Cert, no degree	YES-YES-NO	parent attended, received cert or AA, did not receive BA
5	CEDS	attained by	AA	YES-YES-NO	parent attended, received cert or AA, did not receive BA
6		either parent	BA	YES-YES-YES	parent attended, received BA or higher
7			MA	YES-YES-YES	parent attended, received BA or higher
8			Doct/prof	YES-YES-YES	parent attended, received BA or higher
9			Unknown	UNKNOWN-UNKNOWN-UNKNOWN	unknown
10			NO HSD	NO-NO-NO	parent did not attend college, did not receive any award
11	NAININICTATE	Highest level of	HSD, equiv	NO-NO-NO	parent did not attend college, did not receive any award
12	MINNSTATE	education for	SC	YES-UNKNOWN-NO	parent attended, unknown if received cert or AA, did not receive BA
13	ADMISSIONS APPL	Parent 1 /	2-YEAR DEG/DIPL	YES-YES-NO	parent attended, received cert or AA, did not receive BA
14	APPL	Parent 2	BA+	YES-YES-YES	parent attended, received BA or higher
15			NOT SURE	UNKNOWN-UNKNOWN-UNKNOWN	unknown
16			YES	YES-YES-YES	parent attended, received BA or higher
	UMN	WILL YOU BE A			unknown if parent attended, unknown if parent received cert or AA, did
17	ADMISSIONS		NO	UNKNOWN-UNKNOWN-NO	not receive BA
18	APPL	STUDENT	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN-UNKNOWN-UNKNOWN	unknown
19		l ligh oot ook ool	middle school/ JRH	UNKNOWN-NO-NO	unknown if parent attended, did not receive any award
20	FAFSA	Highest school completed by	HSD, equiv	UNKNOWN-NO-NO	unknown if parent attended, did not receive any award
21	FAFSA	Parent 1 /2	college	YES-YES-UNKNOWN	parent attended, received award but level unknown
22		Parent 1/2	other/unknown	UNKNOWN-UNKNOWN-UNKNOWN	unknown
		What college		coding by college-coding by college-coding by	
	COMMON	vviiat college	text field	college	coding by college
23	APPL	what degree		coding by college-coding by college-coding by	
24		wildt deglee	text field	college	coding by college

# Fixing First Generation Field

### Options:

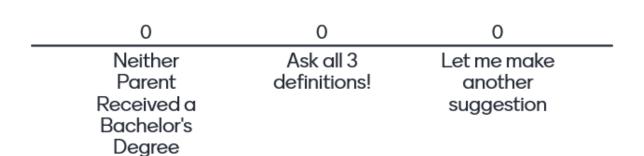
Go to www.menti.com and use the code 30 26 09 8

- A. Collect using a lowest level common definition
  - Neither parent received a BA
- B. Collect all three definitions to create the cleanest categorizations possible

# Which first generation option do you prefer?

**VOTE LIVE NOW:** 

https://www.menti.com/7iy8fd1ntf



Questions for the group (if time):

- Can high school students be degree seeking?
- How to code repeat coursework in Accumulated Units?

### **Next Steps**

Next meeting: Wednesday, October 21st, 1pm-2:30pm

# Adjourn

Thank You